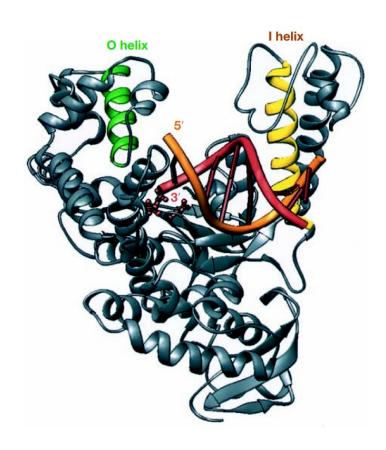
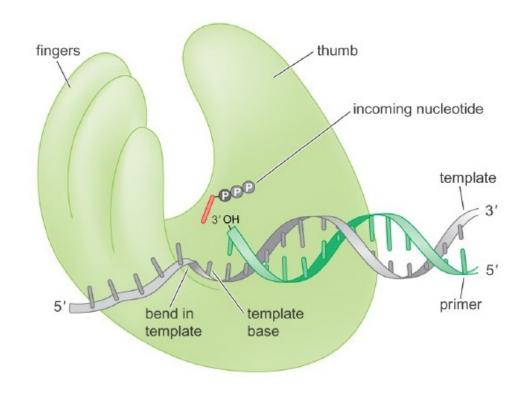


DNA Polymerase

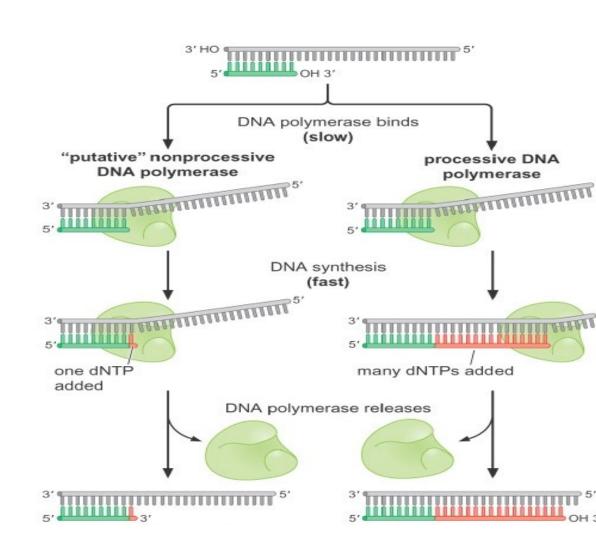


Cocrystal structure of *Taq* DNA polymerase with a double-stranded model DNA template (orange).

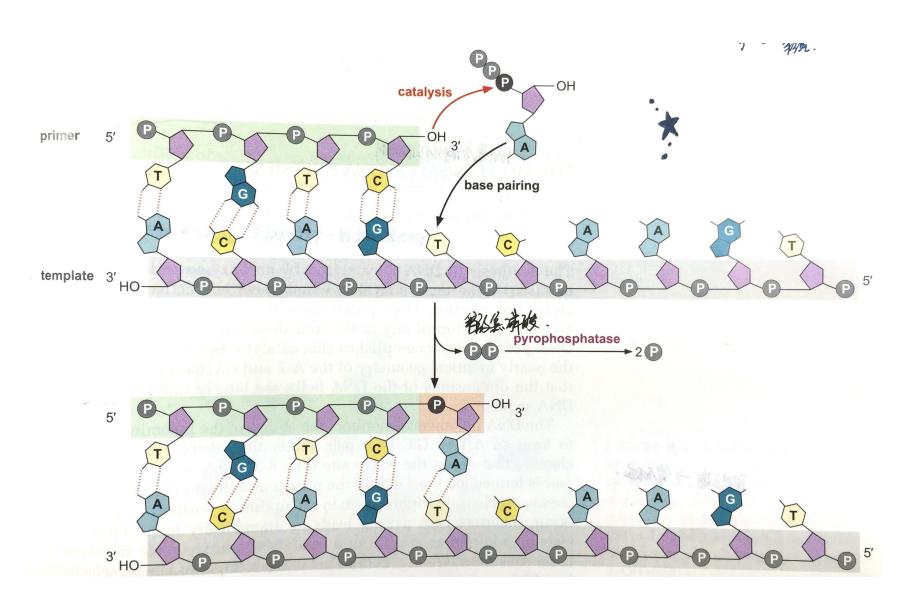


Function of DNA polymerase

- Identify the double chain
- Extending primers from 5' to 3' ends using free dNTPs
- Error correction (proofreading)
 function

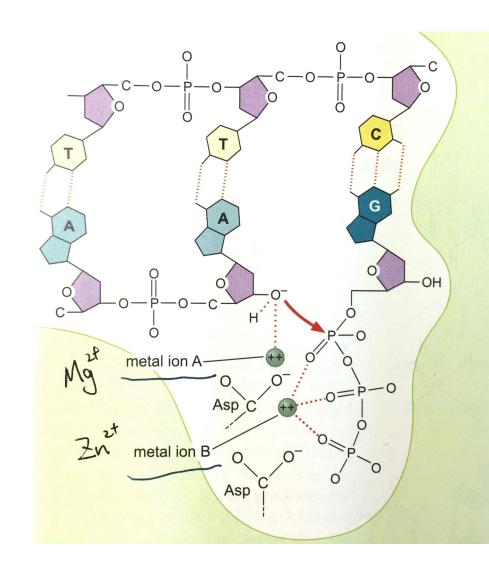


Chemical mechanisms of DNA replication

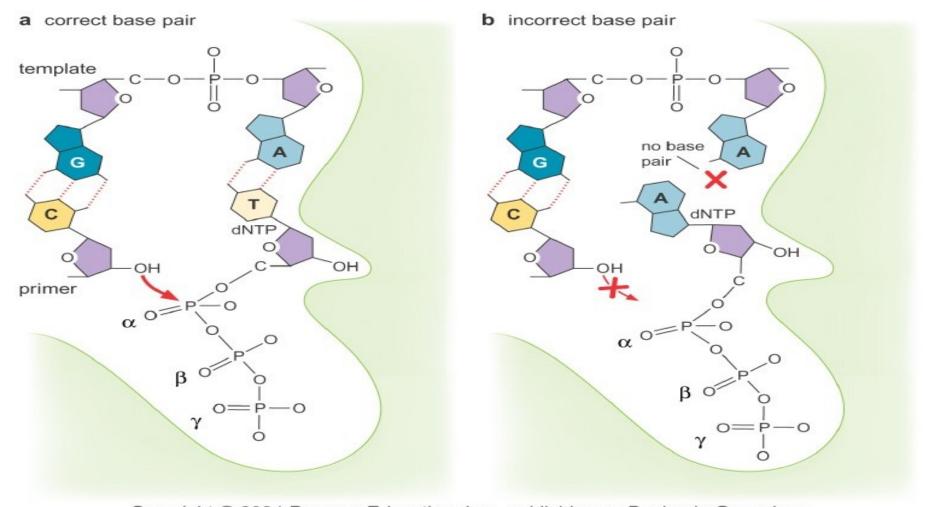


Mechanism of polymerization of DNA polymerase

- DNA polymerase binds the double strand, causing a conformational change that recruits free deoxynucleotides to pair with the template.
- With the assistance of metal ions
 (mostly Mg2+ or Zn2+), the affinity of
 the 3' hydroxyl oxygen and 5'
 phosphate groups is increased.

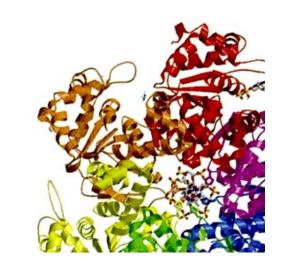


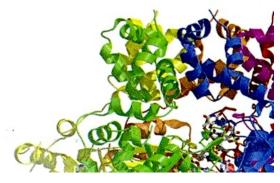
Mechanism of polymerization of DNA polymerase

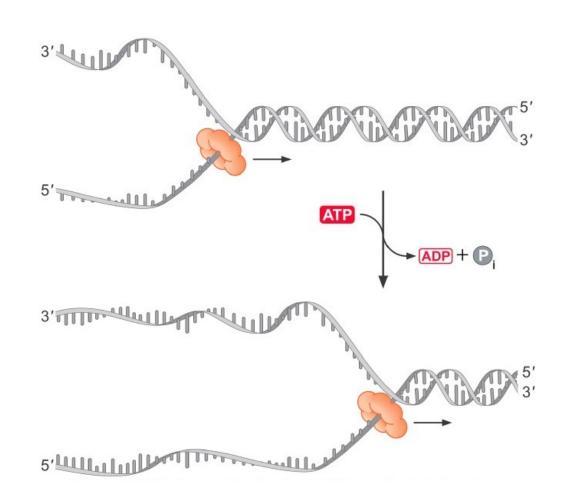


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DNA Helicase

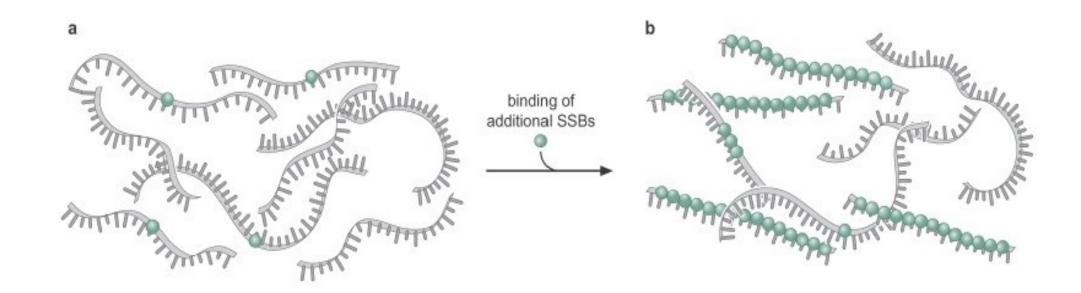




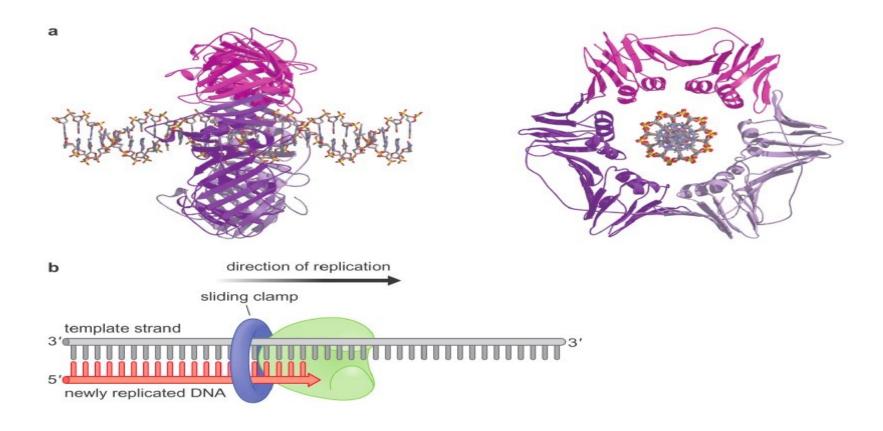


SSB: Stable single-stranded DNA

- ssDNA-binding proteins
- SSB without sequence specificity



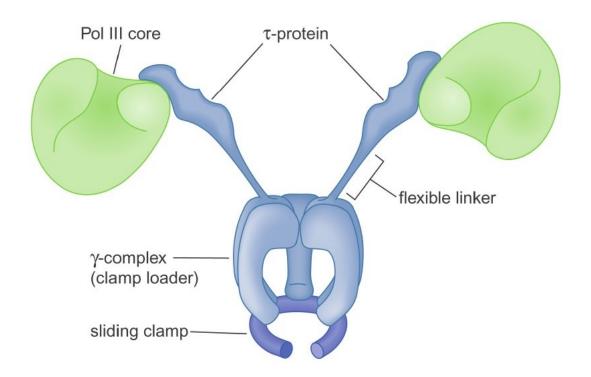
Sliding Clamps



Sliding clamp binds to DNA polymerase and helps the polymerase to slide on the DNA.

Clamp loader

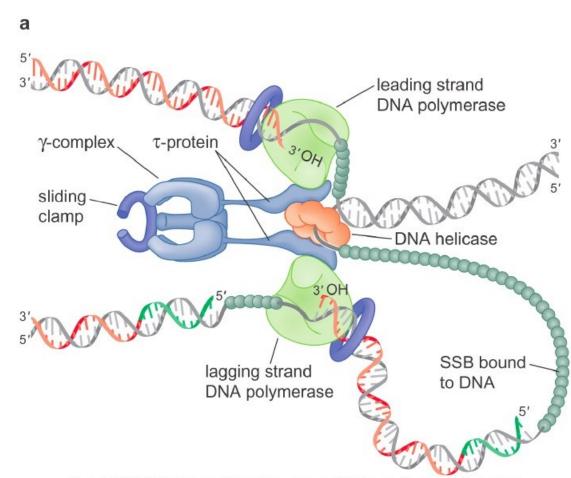
• The Clamp loader is a protein scaffold that integrates the enzymes used for DNA replication.



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Enzyme collaboration in DNA replication

 Clamp loader binds enzymes required for DNA replication and extends with DNA unscrewing enzymes.



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Thanks.