Protocol



Agarose gel electrophoresis

Introduction

Gel electrophoresis is used for separating DNA by size (length in base pairs) for visualization and purification. This is a protocol on how to make the necessary buffers, agarose gel and how to run it. Based on LilJeruhm *et al.*, 2014.

Materials

- TEA Buffer (10X)
 - o Tris-base: 48.4g
 - Acetate (Acetic acid 100%): 11.42mL
 - o EDTA: 7.31g
 - o H₂O up to 1L
- Agarose Gel (1%)
 - o 1g Agarose
 - 100mL TEA buffer (10X)
- SYBR-Safe or Diamond gel Dye

Procedure

Preparation of the gel

- 1. Mix agarose gel according to materials above. Roughly 25-30mL are needed for one small gel.
- 2. Microwave the mixture several times until the solution is completely homogeneous
 - Caution: wear gloves (recommended oven mittens) when microwaving
- 3. Let the gel cool down at room temperature. If you are using SYBR-Safe, add it when it no longer burns to the touch.
- 4. Meanwhile prepare the gel caster: put it into the caster holder and place the comb in the gel caster
- 5. Pour the gel into the caster equally
- 6. Let the gel cool down and polymerize

Preparation of the samples

- Add Loading dye to the samples and mix well

Loading and running of the gel

- 1. Prepare the gel chamber: put the caster holder in the chamber, fill with TAE 1X buffer until fill line and remove the comb from the gel.
- 2. Stabilize your hands to prevent shaking and pipette the samples into the gel wells.

- Do not forget to load the DNA ladder!
- 3. Plug the chamber to the power bank
 - CAUTION: Make sure the cables are in the correct orientation: DNA travels towards the positive pole, so the wells are in the negative pole.
 - Set the voltage to max 120 V, ampere up
- 4. Stop when the DNA travelled through at least half of the gel
- 5. If you are using Diamond Dye, stain in the shaker for 15-30min.

Visualization

- 1. Place gel on UV lamp
 - Caution: Wear gloves and goggles
- 2. Take pictures of the gel
- 3. Do not forget to clean up the space!

References

Liljeruhm, J., Gullberg, E., & Forster, A. C. (2014). Synthetic biology: a lab manual.