# **Transforming Competent Cells**

## Introduction

LucidChart Overviews | DNA | Combined Procedures List

High-Efficiency Transformation Protocol using NEB® 10-beta Competent *E. coli* (High Efficiency)

#### **Materials**

- > NEB 10-beta Competent E. coli cells
- ) plasmid DNA
- NEB 10-beta/Stable Outgrowth Medium
- ) Ice
- > Selection Plates

### Procedure

- C3019H: Thaw a tube of NEB 10-beta Competent *E. coli* cells on ice for 10 minutes.
  C3019I: Thaw a tube of NEB 10-beta Competent *E. coli* cells on ice until the last ice crystals disappear. Mix gently and carefully pipette 50 μl of cells into a transformation tube on ice.
- 2. Add 1-5 μl containing 1 pg-100 ng of plasmid DNA to the cell mixture. Carefully flick the tube 4-5 times to mix cells and DNA. **Do not vortex**.
- 3. Place the mixture on ice for 30 minutes. Do not mix.
- 4. Heat shock at exactly 42°C for exactly 30 seconds. Do not mix.
- 5. Place on ice for 5 minutes. Do not mix.
- 6. Pipette 950  $\mu$ I of room temperature NEB 10-beta/Stable Outgrowth Medium into the mixture.
- 7. Place at 37°C for 60 minutes. Shake vigorously (250 rpm) or rotate.
- 8. Warm selection plates to 37°C.
- 9. Mix the cells thoroughly by flicking the tube and inverting, then perform several 10-fold serial dilutions in NEB 10-beta/Stable Outgrowth Medium.
- 10. Spread 50-100 μl of each dilution onto a selection plate and incubate overnight at 37°C. Alternatively, incubate at 30°C for 24-36 hours or 25°C for 48 hours.

#### **Transformation Protocol Variables**

**Thawing:** Cells are best thawed on ice and DNA added as soon as the last bit of ice in the tube disappears. Cells can also be thawed by hand, but warming above 0°C will decrease the transformation efficiency.

**Incubation of DNA with Cells on Ice:** For maximum transformation efficiency, cells and DNA should be incubated together on ice for 30 minutes. Expect a 2-fold loss in transformation efficiency for every 10 minutes this step is shortened.

**Heat Shock:** Both the temperature and the timing of the heat shock step are important and specific to the transformation volume and vessel. Using the transformation tube provided, 30 seconds at 42°C is optimal.

**Outgrowth:** Outgrowth at 37°C for 1 hour is best for cell recovery and for expression of antibiotic resistance. Expect a 2-fold loss in transformation efficiency for every 15 minutes this step is shortened. NEB 10-beta/Stable Outgrowth Medium gives 2-fold higher transformation efficiency than LB medium; and incubation with shaking or rotating the tube gives 2-fold higher transformation efficiency than incubation without shaking.

**Plating:** Selection plates can be used warm or cold, wet or dry without significantly affecting the transformation efficiency. However, warm, dry plates are easier to spread and allow for the most rapid colony formation.

<sup>\*</sup> Ideally, DNA for transformation should be purified and resuspended in water or TE. However, up to 10 µl of DNA directly from a ligation mix can be used with only a two-fold loss of transformation efficiency. Where it is necessary to maximize the number of transformants (e.g. a library), a purification step, either a spin column or phenol/chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation should be added.