



DYS SEE

PCR-Kapa Taq.



Protocols

Polymerase Chain Reaction Protocol with Kapa Taq DNA Polymerase

1. Set up a 25 μ L PCR reaction (Keep all your reagents on ice):

- 1 μ L Template DNA (10 ng-500 ng)
- 2.5 μ L 10X Taq buffer with MgCl₂
- 0.5 μ L dNTP mix (10 mM each nt)
- 0.8 μ L Forward Primer (10 μ M stock)
- 0.8 μ L Reverse Primer (10 μ M stock)
- 0.1 μ L Taq DNA Polymerase (5 units/ μ L)
- 19.3 μ L Sterile dH₂O (variable)

Note: DMSO is added in some reactions to increase the specificity of GC rich templates, at 5% of total volume (1.25 μ L). In that case, ddH₂O is less.

2. Place reaction tubes in PCR machine.

3. Set annealing temperature 5°C below the primer melting temperature (T_m). Alternatively, use NEB's T_m Calculator to determine the optimal temperature.

4. Set extension step at 1 minute per kilobase of product depending on whether you are using a polymerase with proofreading capabilities.

Note: See manufacturer's instructions for specific instructions about extension time and temperatures.

5. Initial Denaturation for 3 minutes at 95°C.

6. Denature for 30 seconds at 95°C.

7. Anneal primers for 30 seconds at 55°C (or 5°C below T_m).

8. Extend DNA for 2 minutes at 72°C.

9. Repeat steps 2-4 for 34 cycles.

10. Final Extension for 2 minutes at 72°C.

11. Run 10 μ L on a gel to check size and concentration of PCR product.



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