Separation of Aragonite Sand from Water Using a Hydrocyclone

Exeter iGEM Team 2017

October 30, 2017

Protocol:

You will need:

- Hydrocyclone 3.
- DC pump, capable of flow rates of up to 1200L/H.
- Magnetic Stirrer.
- Necessary tubing.
- Aragonite sand solution with a sand to water ratio of 10:90.
- 1 x 5-litre beakers. 2 x 2-litre beakers.
- Heavy duty scales + a set of more sensitive scales for measuring the volume of sand.
- Stopwatch.

Set up of the experiment:

- 1. While turned off, and unplugged, stick the DC pump to the wall of the 5L beaker, with the inlet nozzle facing the base, 1 inch inch from the bottom.
- 2. Weigh out 500g of aragonite sand and pour into the sample solution beaker. Then fill the beaker to the 5L marker with water.
- 3. Set up a clamp stand over the 'Underflow beaker' and secure the hydrocyclone vertically.
- 4. Connect the necessary tubing; pump to inlet feed, vortex finder to overflow beaker, spigot to underflow beaker. Use tie wraps to secure.
- 5. Place the sample solution beaker (5L) onto a magnetic stirrer and initiate the stirrer to keep the sand in suspension.
- 6. Before conducting the experiment, ensure that the stopwatch is to hand.

Conducting the experiment:

- 1. Instantaneously turn on the DC pump and initialise the stopwatch.
- 2. (BEFORE THE WATER LEVEL FALLS BELOW THE PUMP INLET) Turn off the pump and stop the stopwatch. Record the time.
- 3. Leave the underflow and overflow solutions to settle overnight.
- 4. Carefully pour the excess fluid from both beakers into a measuring cylinder, being careful not to disturb the settled sediment. Note the volume of water.
- 5. Dry the remaining sediment in an oven.
- 6. Using the scales, measure the weight of the underflow sediment. Note the ratio of underflow sand: water.
- 7. Repeat this step for the overflow.