## Chemical transformation (heat shock)

- 1. Pre-heat a bath to 42°C
- 2. Defrost 100  $\mu$ l of competent cells for 10-15 minutes on ice. If the Eppendorf contain more than 100  $\mu$ l competent cells divide them into a 100  $\mu$ l each. (Each competent eppendorf contains 220  $\mu$ l.)
  - for circular plasmids: Add 1-2 ng plasmid to the competent cells
  - If the plasmid is after ligation: Add 5  $\mu$ l from ligation reaction to the competent cells.
  - If you use Biobrick add 2 μl.

2 Put for 30min on ice. During this time make SOC and pre-heat it to 37°C (in shaker)

2 Put for 30min on ice. During this time make SOC and pre-heat it to 37°C (in shaker)

1 NS 
4. 1 minute heat shock at 42 °C.

NOT 5. 2 minutes on ice.

- 6. Add 900  $\mu$ l SOC and shake for 1 hour recovery at 37 degrees.
- 7. Warm plates in 37 °C incubator
- 7. Plate the cells on appropriate antibiotic plates (100  $\mu$ l and "rest"). Rest = transfer the rest of the volume to eppendorf tube and centrifuge for 1 min, max speed. Discard most of the supernatant, pipette the rest and plate.
- 8. Incubate overnight in 37°C incubator.

1ml soc3 1ml sob

10 ml MgsQy => Frica

10 ml MgSQy => 37°C

20 ml glucore